

STARTSWITH Function

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Returns `true` if the leftmost set of characters of a column of values matches a pattern. The source value can be any data type, and the pattern can be a `Pattern`, regular expression, or a string.

- The `STARTSWITH` function is ideal for matching based on patterns for any data type. If you need to match strings using a fixed number of characters, you should use the `LEFT` function instead. See *LEFT Function*.
- See *ENDSWITH Function*.

Wrangle vs. SQL: This function is part of Wrangle, a proprietary data transformation language. Wrangle is not SQL. For more information, see *Wrangle Language*.

Basic Usage

String literal example:

```
startswith(FullName, 'Mr.')
```

Output: Returns `true` if the first three letters of the `FullName` column value are "Mr."

Pattern example:

```
startswith(CustId, '{alpha-numeric}{6}')
```

Output: Returns `true` if the `CustId` column begins with a six-digit alpha-numeric sequence. Otherwise, the value is set to `false`.

Regular expression example:

```
if(startswith(phone, /^(+0?1\s)?(?\d{3}\s)?[\s.-]\d{3}[\s.-]\d{4}$/), 'phone - ok', 'phone - error')
```

Output: Returns `phone - ok` if the value of the `phone` column begins with a value that matches a 10-digit U.S. phone number. Otherwise, the output value is set to `phone - error`.

Syntax and Arguments

```
startswith(column_any, pattern[, ignore_case])
```

Argument	Required?	Data Type	Description
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column_any	Y	any	Name of the column to be applied to the function
pattern	Y	string	Pattern or literal expressed as a string describing the pattern to which to match.
ignore_case	N	string	When <code>true</code> , matching is case-insensitive. Default is <code>false</code> .

For more information on syntax standards, see *Language Documentation Syntax Notes*.

column_any

Name of the column to be searched.

- Multiple columns and wildcards are not supported.

Usage Notes:

Required?	Data Type	Example Value
Yes	Column reference	myColumn

pattern

Pattern , regular expression, or string literal to locate in the values in the specified column.

Usage Notes:

Required?	Data Type	Example Value
Yes	String	`{zip}`

ignore_case

When `true`, matches are case-insensitive. Default is `false`.

NOTE: This argument is not required. By default, matches are case-sensitive.

Usage Notes:

Required?	Data Type	Example Value
No	String value	'false'

Examples

Tip: For additional examples, see *Common Tasks*.

Example - STARTSWITH and ENDSWITH Functions

The following example demonstrates functions that can be used to evaluate the beginning and end of values of any type using patterns. These functions include the following:

- STARTSWITH - check start of values in a specified column against a specific pattern or literal. See *STARTSWITH Function*.
- ENDSWITH - check end of values in a specified column against a specific pattern or literal. See *ENDSWITH Function*.

Source:

The following inventory report indicates available quantities of product by product name. You need to verify that the product names are valid according to the following rules:

- A product name must begin with a three-digit numeric brand identifier, followed by a dash.
- A product name must end with a dash, followed by a six-digit numeric SKU.

Source data looks like the following, with the Validation column having no values in it.

InvDate	ProductName	Qty	Validation
04/21/2017	412-Widgets-012345	23	
04/21/2017	04-Fidgets-120341	66	
04/21/2017	204-Midgets-4421	31	
04/21/2017	593-Gidgets-402012	24	

Transformation:

In this case, you must evaluate the ProductName column for two conditions. These conditional functions are the following:

```
IF(STARTSWITH(ProductName, `#{3}-`), 'Ok', 'Bad ProductName-Brand')
```

```
IF(ENDSWITH(ProductName, `-#{6}`), 'Ok', 'Bad ProductName-SKU')
```

One approach is to create two new test columns and then edit the column based on the evaluation of these two columns. However, using the following, you can compress the evaluation into a single step without creating the intermediate columns:

Transformation Name	Edit column with formula
Parameter: Columns	Status
Parameter: Formula	IF(STARTSWITH(ProductName, `#{3}-`), IF(ENDSWITH(ProductName, `-#{6}`), 'Ok', 'Bad ProductName-SKU'), 'Bad ProductName-Brand')

Results:

InvDate	ProductName	Qty	Validation
04/21/2017	412-Widgets-012345	23	Ok
04/21/2017	04-Fidgets-120341	66	Bad ProductName-Brand
04/21/2017	204-Midgets-4421	31	Bad ProductName-SKU
04/21/2017	593-Gidgets-402012	24	Ok