

APPROXIMATEMEDIAN Function

Contents:

- *Basic Usage*
- *Syntax and Arguments*
 - *function_col_ref*
 - *dec_error_bound*
- *Examples*
 - *Example - Percentile functions*

Computes the approximate median from all row values in a column or group. Input column can be of Integer or Decimal.

- If a row contains a missing or null value, it is not factored into the calculation. If the entire column contains no values, the function returns a null value.
- When used in a `pivot` transform, the function is computed for each instance of the value specified in the `group` parameter. See *Pivot Transform*.
- The approximate percentile functions utilize a different algorithm for efficiently estimating quantiles for streaming and distributed processing, depending on the running environment where the function is computed.

Tip: Approximation functions are suitable for larger datasets. As the number of rows increases, accuracy and calculation performance improves for these functions.

- For an exact calculation of this function, see *MEDIAN Function*.

Wrangle vs. SQL: This function is part of Wrangle , a proprietary data transformation language. Wrangle is not SQL. For more information, see *Wrangle Language*.

Basic Usage

```
approximatemedian(myRating)
```

Output: Returns the approximate median of the values in the `myRating` column.

Syntax and Arguments

```
approximatemedian(function_col_ref) [group:group_col_ref] [limit:limit_count]
```

Argument	Required?	Data Type	Description
<code>function_col_ref</code>	Y	string	Name of column to which to apply the function
<code>dec_error_bound</code>	N	decimal	Error factor for computing approximations. Decimal value represents error factor as a percentage (0 . 4 is 0.4%).

For more information on the `group` and `limit` parameters, see *Pivot Transform*.

For more information on syntax standards, see *Language Documentation Syntax Notes*.

function_col_ref

Name of the column the values of which you want to calculate the median. Column must contain Integer or Decimal values.

- Literal values are not supported as inputs.
- Multiple columns and wildcards are not supported.

Usage Notes:

Required?	Data Type	Example Value
Yes	String (column reference)	myValues

dec_error_bound

As needed, you can insert an error boundary factor as a parameter into the computation of this approximate value.

- This value must be a Decimal literal value.
- This decimal value represents the percentage error factor. By default, this value is 0.5 (0.5%).

Usage Notes:

Required?	Data Type	Example Value
No	Decimal (literal)	0.01

Examples

Tip: For additional examples, see *Common Tasks*.

Example - Percentile functions

This example illustrates how you can apply the following percentile-related functions to your transformations:

- **MEDIAN** - Calculate the median value from a column of values. See *MEDIAN Function*.
- **PERCENTILE** - Calculate a specified percentile for a column of values. See *PERCENTILE Function*.
- **QUARTILE** - Calculate a specified quartile for a column of values. See *QUARTILE Function*.

The following functions use an approximation technique for calculating median, percentile, and quartiles. In some cases, these calculations can be computed faster across large datasets.

- **APPROXIMATEMEDIAN** - Calculate a close approximation of the median value from a column of values. See *APPROXIMATEMEDIAN Function*.
- **APPROXIMATEPERCENTILE** - Calculate a close approximation of a specified percentile for a column of values. See *APPROXIMATEPERCENTILE Function*.
- **APPROXIMATEQUARTILE** - Calculate a close approximation of a specified quartile for a column of values. See *APPROXIMATEQUARTILE Function*.

Source:

The following table lists each student's height in inches:

Student	Height
1	64
2	65
3	63
4	64
5	62
6	66
7	66
8	65
9	69
10	66
11	73
12	69
13	69
14	61
15	64
16	61
17	71
18	67
19	73
20	66

Transformation:

Use the following transformations to calculate the median height in inches, a specified percentile and the first quartile.

- The first function uses a precise algorithm which can be slow to execute across large datasets.
- The second function uses an appropriate approximation algorithm, which is much faster to execute across large datasets.
 - These approximate functions can use an error boundary parameter, which is set to 0.4 (0.4%) across all functions.

Median: This transformation calculates the median value, which corresponds to the 50th percentile.

Transformation Name	New formula
Parameter: Formula type	Single row formula
Parameter: Formula	median(heightIn)
Parameter: New column name	'medianIn'

Transformation Name	New formula
Parameter: Formula type	Single row formula
Parameter: Formula	approximateMedian(heightIn, 0.4)
Parameter: New column name	'approxMedianIn'

Percentile: This transformation calculates the 68th percentile.

Transformation Name	New formula
Parameter: Formula type	Single row formula
Parameter: Formula	percentile(heightIn, 68, linear)
Parameter: New column name	'percentile68In'

Transformation Name	New formula
Parameter: Formula type	Single row formula
Parameter: Formula	approximatepercentile(heightIn, 68, 0.4)
Parameter: New column name	'approxPercentile68In'

Quartile: This transformation calculates the first quartile, which corresponds to the 25th percentile.

Transformation Name	New formula
Parameter: Formula type	Single row formula
Parameter: Formula	quartile(heightIn, 1, linear)
Parameter: New column name	'percentile25In'

Transformation Name	New formula
Parameter: Formula type	Single row formula
Parameter: Formula	approximatequartile(heightIn, 1, 0.4)
Parameter: New column name	'approxPercentile25In'

Results:

studentId	heightIn	approxPercentile25In	percentile25In	approxPercentile68In	percentile68In	approxMedianIn	
1	64	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6
2	65	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6
3	63	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6
4	64	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6
5	62	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6

6	66	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6
7	66	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6
8	65	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6
9	69	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6
10	66	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6
11	73	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6
12	69	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6
13	69	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6
14	61	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6
15	64	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6
16	61	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6
17	71	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6
18	67	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6
19	73	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6
20	66	64	64	67.1	66.92	66	6