

EXAMPLE - RANDBETWEEN and PI Functions

This example illustrates how you can apply the following functions to generate new and random data in your dataset:

- **RANDBETWEEN** - Generate a random Integer value between two specified Integers. See *RANDBETWEEN Function*.
- **PI** - Generate the value of pi to 15 decimal points. See *PI Function*.
- **ROUND** - Round a decimal value to the nearest Integer or to a specified number of digits. See *ROUND Function*.
- **TRUNC** - Round a value down to the nearest Integer value. See *TRUNC Function*.

Source:

In the following example, a company produces 10 circular parts, the size of which is measured in each product's radius in inches.

prold	radius_in
p001	1
p002	2
p003	3
p004	4
p005	5
p006	6
p007	7
p008	8
p009	9
p010	10

Based on the above data, the company wants to generate some additional sizing information for these circular parts, including the generation of two points along each part's circumference where quality stress tests can be applied.

Transform:

To begin, you can use the following steps to generate the area and circumference for each product, rounded to three decimal points:

```
derive type:single value: ROUND(PI() * (POW(radius_in, 2)), 3) as: 'area_sqin'
```

```
derive type:single value: ROUND(PI() * (2 * radius_in), 3) as: 'circumference_in'
```

For quality purposes, the company needs two tests points along the circumference, which are generated by calculating two separate random locations along the circumference. Since the **RANDBETWEEN** function only calculates using Integer values, you must first truncate the values from `circumference_in`:

```
derive type:single value: TRUNC(circumference_in) as: 'trunc_circumference_in'
```

Then, you can calculate the random points using the following:

```
derive type:single value: RANDBETWEEN(0, trunc_circumference_in) as: 'testPt01_in'
```

```
derive type:single value: RANDBETWEEN(0, trunc_circumference_in) as: 'testPt02_in'
```

Results:

After the `trunc_circumference_in` column is dropped, the data should look similar to the following:

prodlid	radius_in	area_sq_in	circumference_in	testPt01_in	testPt02_in
p001	1	3.142	6.283	5	5
p002	2	12.566	12.566	3	3
p003	3	28.274	18.850	13	13
p004	4	50.265	25.133	24	24
p005	5	78.540	31.416	0	0
p006	6	113.097	37.699	15	15
p007	7	153.938	43.982	11	11
p008	8	201.062	50.265	1	1
p009	9	254.469	56.549	29	29
p010	10	314.159	62.832	21	21