

TIME Function

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Generates time values from three inputs of Integer type: hour, minute, and second.

- Source values can be Integer literals or column references to values that can be inferred as Integers.
- If any of the source values are invalid or out of range, a missing value is returned.
- This function must be nested within another function that accepts date values as arguments. See the example below.

Basic Usage

Integer literal values:

```
derive type:single value: DATEFORMAT(TIME(23,58,59),'HH mm ss')
```

Output: Generates a column of values containing the map:

```
23 58 59
```

Column reference values:

```
derive type:single value: DATEFORMAT(TIME(myHour, myMinute, mySecond), 'hh-mm-ss')
```

Output: Generates a column of values where:

- *hh* = values from *myHour* column
- *mm* = values from *myMinute* column
- *ss* = values from *mySecond* column

Syntax and Arguments

```
derive type:single value:DATEFORMAT(TIME(hour_integer_col,minute_integer_col,second_integer_col),'time_format_string')
```

Argument	Required?	Data Type	Description
hour_integer_col	Y	integer	Name of column or Integer literal representing the hour value to apply to the function
minute_integer_col	Y	integer	Name of column or Integer literal representing the minute value to apply to the function

second_integer_col	Y	integer	Name of column or Integer literal representing the second value to apply to the function
time_format_string	Y	string	String literal identifying the time format to apply to the value

For more information on syntax standards, see *Language Documentation Syntax Notes*.

hour_integer_col

Integer literal or name of the column containing integer values for the hour. Values must integers between 0 and 23, inclusive.

- Missing values for this function in the source data result in missing values in the output.
- Multiple columns and wildcards are not supported.

Usage Notes:

Required?	Data Type	Example Value
Yes	Integer (literal or column reference)	15

minute_integer_col

Integer literal or name of the column containing integer values for the minutes. Values must integers between 0 and 59, inclusive.

- Missing values for this function in the source data result in missing values in the output.
- Multiple columns and wildcards are not supported.

Usage Notes:

Required?	Data Type	Example Value
Yes	Integer (literal or column reference)	23

second_integer_col

Integer literal or name of the column containing integer values for the second. Values must integers between 0 and 59, inclusive.

- Missing values for this function in the source data result in missing values in the output.
- Multiple columns and wildcards are not supported.

Usage Notes:

Required?	Data Type	Example Value
Yes	Integer (literal or column reference)	45

time_format_string

For more information on supported time formatting strings, see *Supported Data Types*.

For more information, see *DATEFORMAT Function*.

Examples

Tip: For additional examples, see *Common Tasks*.

Example - date and time functions

This example illustrates how the `DATE` and `TIME` functions operate. Both functions require that their outputs be formatted properly using the `DATEFORMAT` function.

- `DATE` - Generates valid Datetime values from three integer inputs: year, month, and day. See *DATE Function*.
- `TIME` - Generates valid Datetime values from three integer inputs: hour, minute, and second. See *TIME Function*.
- `DATETIME` - Generates valid Datetime values from six integer inputs: year, month, day, hour, minute, and second. See *DATETIME Function*.
- `DATEFORMAT` - Formats valid Datetime values according to the provided formatting string. See *DATEFORMAT Function*.

Source:

year	month	day	hour	minute	second
2016	10	11	2	3	0
2015	11	20	15	22	30
2014	12	25	18	30	45

Transform:

```
derive type:single value: DATEFORMAT(DATE (year, month, day), 'yyyy-MM-dd') as: 'fctn_date'
```

```
derive type:single value: DATEFORMAT(TIME (hour, minute, second), 'HH-mm-ss') as: 'fctn_time'
```

```
derive type:single value: DATEFORMAT(DATETIME (year, month, day, hour, minute, second), 'yyyy-MM-dd-HH:mm:ss') as: 'fctn_datetime'
```

Results:

NOTE: All inputs must be inferred as Integer type and must be valid values for the specified input. For example, month values must be integers between 1 and 12, inclusive.

year	month	day	hour	minute	second	fctn_date	fctn_time	fctn_datetime
2016	10	11	2	3	0	2016-10-11	02-03-00	2016-10-11-02:03:00
2015	11	20	15	22	30	2015-11-20	15-22-30	2015-11-20-15:22:30
2014	12	25	18	30	45	2014-12-25	18-30-45	2014-12-25-18:30:45

You can apply other date and time functions to the generated columns. For an example, see *YEAR Function*.