

COUNTDISTINCTIF Function

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Generates the count of distinct non-null values for rows in each group that meet a specific condition.

NOTE: When added to a transformation, this function is applied to the current sample. If you change your sample or run the job, the computed values for this function are updated. Transformations that change the number of rows in subsequent recipe steps do not affect the values computed for this step.

To perform a simple counting of distinct non-nulls without conditionals, use the `COUNTDISTINCT` function. See *COUNTDISTINCT Function*.

Wrangle vs. SQL: This function is part of Wrangle, a proprietary data transformation language. Wrangle is not SQL. For more information, see *Wrangle Language*.

Basic Usage

```
countdistinctif(entries, entryValidation == 'Ok')
```

Output: Generates a two-column table containing the unique values for `City` and the count of distinct non-null values in the `entries` column for that `City` value when the `entryValidation` value is 'Ok'. The `limit` parameter defines the maximum number of output columns.

Syntax and Arguments

```
countdistinctif(col_ref, test_expression) [group:group_col_ref] [limit:limit_count]
```

Argument	Required?	Data Type	Description
<code>col_ref</code>	Y	string	Reference to the column you wish to evaluate.
<code>test_expression</code>	Y	string	Expression that is evaluated. Must resolve to <code>true</code> or <code>false</code>

For more information on syntax standards, see *Language Documentation Syntax Notes*.

For more information on the `group` and `limit` parameter, see *Pivot Transform*.

col_ref

Name of the column whose values you wish to use in the calculation. Column must be a numeric (Integer or Decimal) type.

Usage Notes:

Required?	Data Type	Example Value
Yes	String that corresponds to the name of the column	myValues

test_expression

This parameter contains the expression to evaluate. This expression must resolve to a Boolean (`true` or `false`) value.

Usage Notes:

Required?	Data Type	Example Value
Yes	String expression that evaluates to <code>true</code> or <code>false</code>	<code>(LastName == 'Mouse' && FirstName == 'Mickey')</code>

Examples

Tip: For additional examples, see *Common Tasks*.

Example - Summarize Voter Registrations

This example illustrates how you can use conditional calculation functions.

Functions:

Item	Description
SUMIF Function	Generates the sum of rows in each group that meet a specific condition.
COUNTDISTINCTIF Function	Generates the count of distinct non-null values for rows in each group that meet a specific condition.

Source:

Here is some example polling data across 16 precincts in 8 cities across 4 counties, where registrations have been invalidated at the polling station, preventing voters from voting. Precincts where this issue has occurred previously have been added to a watch list (`precinctWatchList`).

totalReg	invalidReg	precinctWatchList	precinctId	cityId	countyId
731	24	y	1	1	1
743	29	y	2	1	1
874	0		3	2	1
983	0		4	2	1
622	29		5	3	2
693	0		6	3	2
775	37	y	7	4	2
1025	49	y	8	4	2
787	13		9	5	3

342	0		10	5	3
342	39	y	11	6	3
387	28	y	12	6	3
582	59		13	7	4
244	0		14	7	4
940	6	y	15	8	4
901	4	y	16	8	4

Transformation:

First, you want to sum up the invalid registrations (`invalidReg`) for precincts that are already on the watchlist (`precinctWatchList = y`). These sums are grouped by city, which can span multiple precincts:

Transformation Name	New formula
Parameter: Formula type	Single row formula
Parameter: Formula	<code>SUMIF(invalidReg, precinctWatchList == "y")</code>
Parameter: Group rows by	<code>cityId</code>
Parameter: New column name	<code>'invalidRegbyCityId'</code>

The `invalidRegbyCityId` column contains invalid registrations across the entire city.

Now, at the county level, you want to identify the number of precincts that were on the watch list and were part of a city-wide registration problem.

In the following step, the number of cities in each count are counted where invalid registrations within a city is greater than 60.

- This step creates a pivot aggregation.

Transformation Name	Pivot columns
Parameter: Row labels	<code>countyId</code>
Parameter: Values	<code>COUNTDISTINCTIF(precinctId, invalidRegbyCityId > 60)</code>
Parameter: Max number of columns to create	1

Results:

<code>countyId</code>	<code>countdistinctif_precinctId</code>
1	0
2	2
3	2
4	0

The voting officials in counties 2 and 3 should investigate their precinct registration issues.

